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DATE MAILED: 10/29/2004

FILING DATE FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO. APPLICATION NO. 8278 1392 10/089,351 03/27/2002 Dana Paul Gruenbacher EXAMINER 27752 THE PROCTER & GAMBLE COMPANY PRUNNER, KATHLEEN J INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY DIVISION ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER WINTON HILL TECHNICAL CENTER - BOX 161 6110 CENTER HILL AVENUE 3751 CINCINNATI, OH 45224

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

1	Application No.	Applicant(s)
, ,	10/089,351	GRUENBACHER ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Kathleen J. Prunner	3751
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet wit	h the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REI THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by sta Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the may earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a re reply within the statutory minimum of thirty iod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONT tute, cause the application to become ABA	ply be timely filed  (30) days will be considered timely.  HS from the mailing date of this communication.  NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		•
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>07</u>	7 October 2004.	
2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☑ T	his action is non-final.	
3) Since this application is in condition for allow	wance except for formal matte	ers, prosecution as to the merits is
closed in accordance with the practice unde	er Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D.	11, 453 O.G. 213.
Disposition of Claims		
4) Claim(s) <u>1,2,4-9 and 11-20</u> is/are pending in	n the application.	
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are without	Irawn from consideration.	
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.		
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,2,4-9 and 11-20</u> is/are rejected.		
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.		
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	d/or election requirement.	
Application Papers		
9)⊠ The specification is objected to by the Exam	iner.	
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.		
Applicant may)not request that any objection to t	he drawing(s) be held in abeyand	ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the attached	Office Action or form PTO-152.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: 1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents		119(a)-(d) or (f).
2. Certified copies of the priority docume	ents have been received in Ap	plication No
3. Copies of the certified copies of the p	•	received in this National Stage
application from the International Bur		
* See the attached detailed Office action for a l	ist of the certified copies not r	eceived.
Attachmont/s)		
Attachment(s)  Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview Su	immary (PTO-413)
2) Denotice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)	/Mail Date
<ol> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/ Paper No(s)/Mail Date</li> </ol>	08) 5) Notice of Inf 6) Other:	formal Patent Application (PTO-152)
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# DETAILED ACTION

### Request for Continued Examination

1. The request filed on October 7, 2004 for a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) under 37 CFR 1.114 (a)(3) based on parent Application No. 10/089,351 is acceptable and an RCE has been established. An action on the RCE follows.

#### Specification

- 2. The following informality in the specification is noted: on page 40, line 10, "acheating" should read --a heating--, i.e., the line reads "In another embodiment, Figures 44 and 45, of acheating element may include use" (please note the IFW of the originally filed papers). Appropriate correction is required.
- 3. The specification is objected to as failing to provide proper antecedent basis for the claimed terminology. See 37 CFR 1.75(d)(1) and MPEP § 608.01(o). The claim terminology which lacks such antecedent basis is as follows: (A) "said first side and said second side are joined in a face-to-face relationship", as now called for by claims 1 and 13. Correction of the following is required. It is suggested that the specification be amended to include this claim terminology.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 4. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
  - The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.
- 5. Claims 1, 2, 4-9 and 11-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the

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application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. Claims 1, 13 and 17 now call for "an activatable heating and/or cooling element". However, the original disclosure fails to describe or support how such a heating and/or cooling element is activated. Hence claims 1, 13 and 17 are directed to new matter.

- 6. Claim 14 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention. Claim 14 calls for the heating and/or cooling element to be located "on said first external surface". However, the original disclosure fails to describe or support such a location for the heating and/or cooling element element. Hence claim 14 is directed to new matter.
- 7. Claims 17-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. Claim 17 calls for an "activatable self-enclosed" heating and/or cooling element "disposed within said product" for heating the product. However, the original disclosure fails to describe or support such a self-enclosed heating and/or cooling element or that the heating and/or cooling element is disposed within the product to heat the product. Hence claim 17 is directed to new matter.
- 8. Claims 17-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. Claim 17 calls for "a semi-enclosed applicator" having "an internal cavity" which "is externally accessible", "a rupturable reservoir containing said product disposed with said cavity", and "an activatable self-enclosed heating and/or cooling element disposed within said product for heating the product". However, the original disclosure fails to describe or support this particular embodiment of "a semi-enclosed applicator" having "an internal cavity" which "is externally accessible" with "a rupturable reservoir containing said

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disposed with said cavity", as well as having "an activatable self-enclosed heating and/or cooling

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element disposed within said product for heating the product". Hence claim 17 is directed to

new matter.

9. Claim 19 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter

which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled

in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the

claimed invention. Claim 19 calls for the reservoir to comprise "a distribution channel, where

said distribution channel controls the dispensing rate and direction of said product from said

reservoir". However, the original disclosure fails to describe or support this particular

embodiment, as noted above in paragraph 8 supra, which uses a reservoir comprised of "a

distribution channel, where said distribution channel controls the dispensing rate and direction of

said product from said reservoir". Hence claim 19 is directed to new matter.

10. Claim 20 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter

which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled

in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the

claimed invention. Claim 20 calls for the heating and/or cooling element to be "disposed within

said distribution channel". However, claim 17, from which claim 20 depends, already claims

that the heating and/or cooling element is disposed within the product. The original disclosure

fails to describe or support an embodiment wherein the heating and/or cooling element is

disposed both in the distribution channel as well as in the product, as called for by claim 20.

Hence claim 20 is directed to new matter.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

11. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found

in a prior Office action.

12. Claims 1, 2, 4-7, 9, 13, 15 and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being

unpatentable over Sansonetti in view of Cahill. Sansonetti discloses a semi-enclosed applicator

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in the form of a mitten or glove for distributing a product having a first temperature onto a target surface having the claimed features including a first side having a first external surface (constituted by the upper hand portion of the mitt 10), a second side (constituted by the bottom hand portion of the mitt 10) wherein the first side and the second side are joined in a face-to-face relationship (note Fig. 3) and form an internal cavity (constituted by chamber 16) therebetween, the internal cavity 16 having an opening that is externally accessible (note Fig. 1), a rupturable reservoir 18 containing the product 20 located within the internal cavity (note Fig. 3) and proximate to the first side (note Fig. 3), and an activatable heating element (constituted by heating element 34) located proximate to the reservoir 18 (note Fig. 3) wherein the heating element 34 changes the first temperature of the product upon activation and prior to the product being released from the reservoir 18 to the target surface through the first side (i.e., through the reservoir 18 forming part of the first side, note Fig. 3). Sansonetti discloses that the product is released from the reservoir upon melting of the membrane 22 which seals the product within the reservoir (note lines 27-30 in col. 2). Although Sansonetti fails to disclose that the product 20 is released from the reservoir 18 in response to an application of pressure to the rupturable reservoir, attention is directed to Cahill who discloses another mitten or glove for use in the application of a hand cream having at least one product containing reservoir 3 sealed by a membrane 5 which ruptures when pressure is applied for that purpose (note lines 41-45 in col. 1) in order to effect a desired application of the hand-treatment vehicle or product to affected parts of the hand (note lines 2-5 in col. 2). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the hand care glove/mitten art, at the time the invention was made, to seal the reservoir of Sansonetti with a membrane that ruptures in response to pressure being applied thereto in view of the teachings of Cahill in order to better control the application of hand cream to specific affected parts of the hand. With respect to claim 2, the heating element (constituted by the heating element 34 and inner mitten 12) of Sansonetti is inherently in contacting engagement with the reservoir 18 (note Figs. 2 and 3) since the membrane 22 melts when heat is applied thereto (note lines 29-33 in col. 2). With respect to claim 4, Sansonetti further discloses that the applicator

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moisturizes and conditions skin to facilitate absorbtion of the hand cream (note lines 39-42 in col. 1). With regard to claim 5, Sansonetti additionally discloses that the product 20 is a hand cream, which creams are well known to contain such ingredients as emollients, oils and polymers. With respect to claim 6, the product 20 hand cream of Sansonetti inherently has shear-thinning or thixotropic properties since the heat aids in the absorption of the cream (note lines 39-42 in col. 1). With respect to claim 7, the product 20 hand cream of Sansonetti inherently has tactile properties such as greasiness or slipperiness. With respect to claim 9, Sansonetti additionally discloses that the first and second sides each comprise a functional side (note lines 6-8 in col. 1). With regard to claim 15, Sansonetti also disclose that the rupturable reservoir is provided with a frangible seal constituted by the membrane 22 having a resistance to bursting. With regard to claim 16, Sansonetti further discloses a barrier layer constituted by inner mitten 12 which is substantially impervious to the product and is disposed proximate to the first internal surface (note lines 23-27 in col. 2).

- Claim 8 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103 as being unpatentable over Sansonetti in view of Cahill as applied to claims 1, 2, 4-7, 9, 13, 15 and 16 above. Although Sansonetti fails to disclose the chemical composition of the product 20 hand cream, using such ingredients as petrolatum, petroleum jelly, castor oil, octocrylene, tocopheryl acetate or non-volatile organo-substituted polysiloxanes in the hand cream formula would be an obvious matter of choice to the artisan skilled in the hand cream art depending upon the brand of hand cream used since such ingredients are well known constituents of hand cream formulas.
- 14. Claims 11 and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sansonetti in view of Cahill as applied to claims 1, 2, 4-7, 9, 13, 15 and 16 above and further in view of Charos. Although Sansonetti fails to disclose that the applicator contains a massaging structure positioned behind the first external surface, attention is directed to Charos who discloses another heated hand cream mitt or glove having cavities 2 or 10 on the inner side of the external side (note Figs. 1-3) in order to effect a suction-massage action (note lines 20-24 in col.
- 2). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the heated hand cream mitt or glove

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art, at the time the invention was made, to provide the inner side of the mitt of Sansonetti with cavities in view of the teachings of Charos in order to effect a suction-massage action.

#### Response to Arguments

- 15. Applicant's arguments filed October 7, 2004 have been fully considered but they are not deemed persuasive.
- 16. Applicants' argument with regard to the informality of the specification has been carefully considered. However, it is pointed out that no error occurred during the entry of the priority application into the IFW system. Only the papers, as originally filed, were scanned into the system. The scanning does not affect the spacing and spelling of characters in the document being scanned.
- 17. Applicants' argument regarding the rejection of claim 14 under the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112 have been carefully considered. However, the portion of the specification pointed out by the applicants, i.e., line 28 on page 41, does not provide support for the heating and/or cooling element to be located "on said first external surface" but rather describes that the product (from the reservoir) is released onto the heating and/or cooling element (constituted by pouch 302) wherein the heating and/or cooling element (pouch 302) is pressed against the target surface. Even figures 50 and 51 merely support that the heating and/or cooling element (pouch 302) is disposed next to the reservoir and not "on said first external surface" of the first side of the applicator.
- 18. Applicants' argument regarding the rejection of claims 17-20 under the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112 have been carefully considered. However, the portion of the specification pointed out by the applicants, i.e., lines 31-32 on page 42, does not provide support for "an activatable self-enclosed" heating and/or cooling element to be "disposed within said product for heating the product" or that the heating and/or cooling element is disposed within the product to heat the product but rather merely describes that the heating and/or cooling element is "located internally in the reservoir".

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19. Applicants' arguments with respect to the Sansonetti and Cahill references have been

considered. However, it is pointed out that both references disclose releasing the product

through the first side wherein the first side includes, as part thereof, the reservoir. The references

require that the product be released through a wall of the reservoir to the target surface

constituted by the hand inside the mitt.

Conclusion

20. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Examiner Kathleen J. Prunner whose telephone number is 703-

306-9044. In mid to late November, 2004, the examiner's office will move to the new complex

in Alexandria, Virginia. Upon moving to the new complex, the examiner's new telephone

number will be 571-272-4894.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

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system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Kathleen J. Prunner

October 27, 2004

GREGORY L. HUSON SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

TECHNOLOGY CENTER 3700